

Namelist Guide for the GFDL Cloud Microphysics

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1 General

mp_time

Real: Time step of GFDL cloud microphysics (MP). If **mp_time** isn't divisible by physics time step or is larger than physics time step, the actual MP time step becomes $dt/\text{NINT}[dt/\text{MIN}(dt, mp_time)]$. The unit is *s*. 150 by default.

tice

Real: Freezing / melting temperature. The unit is *K*. 273.16 by default.

fix_negative

Logical: *.true.* to fix negative water species using nearby points. *.false.* as default.

fast_sat_adj

Logical: *.true.* to adjust cloud water evaporation (cloud water \rightarrow water vapor), cloud water freezing (cloud water \rightarrow cloud ice), cloud ice deposition (water vapor \rightarrow cloud ice) when fast saturation adjustment is activated (**do_sat_adj** = *.true.* in **fv_core_nml** block). *.true.* by default.

2 Conversion Time Scale

tau_v2l

Real: Time scale for condensation of water vapor to cloud water. Increasing / decreasing **tau_v2l** can decrease / boost condensation of water vapor to cloud water (water vapor \rightarrow cloud water). The unit is *s*. 150 by default.

tau_v2g

Real: Time scale for deposition of water vapor to graupel. Increasing / decreasing **tau_v2g** can decrease / boost deposition of water vapor to graupel (water vapor \rightarrow graupel). The unit is *s*. 21600 by default.

tau_l2v

Real: Time scale for evaporation of cloud water to water vapor. Increasing / decreasing **tau_l2v** can

decrease / boost deposition of cloud water to water vapor (cloud water \rightarrow water vapor). The unit is *s*. 300 by default.

tau_l2r

Real: Time scale for autoconversion of cloud water to rain. Increasing / decreasing **tau_l2r** can decrease / boost autoconversion of cloud water to rain (cloud water \rightarrow rain). The unit is *s*. 900 by default.

tau_r2g

Real: Time scale for freezing of rain to graupel. Increasing / decreasing **tau_r2g** can decrease / boost freezing of rain to graupel (rain \rightarrow graupel). The unit is *s*. 900 by default.

tau_i2s

Real: Time scale for autoconversion of cloud ice to snow. Increasing / decreasing **tau_i2s** can decrease / boost autoconversion of cloud ice to snow (cloud ice \rightarrow snow). The unit is *s*. 1000 by default.

tau_imit

Real: Time scale for cloud ice melting. Increasing / decreasing **tau_imit** can decrease / boost melting of cloud ice to cloud water or rain (cloud ice \rightarrow cloud water or rain). The unit is *s*. 600 by default.

tau_smlt

Real: Time scale for snow melting. Increasing / decreasing **tau_smlt** can decrease / boost melting of snow to cloud water or rain (snow \rightarrow cloud water or rain). The unit is *s*. 900 by default.

tau_g2v

Real: Time scale for sublimation of graupel to water vapor. Increasing / decreasing **tau_g2v** can decrease / boost sublimation of graupel to water vapor (graupel \rightarrow water vapor). The unit is *s*. 900 by default.

tau_g2r

Real: Time scale for graupel melting. Increasing / decreasing **tau_g2r** can decrease / boost melting of graupel to rain (graupel \rightarrow rain). The unit is *s*. 600 by default.

3 Subgrid Variability

dw_land

Real: Base value for subgrid deviation / variability over land. 0.2 by default.

dw_ocean

Real: Base value for subgrid deviation / variability over ocean. 0.1 by default.

z_slope_liq

Logical: *.true.* to turn on vertically subgrid linear monotonic slope for autoconversion of cloud water to rain. *.true.* by default.

z_slope_ice

Logical: *.true.* to turn on vertically subgrid linear monotonic slope for autoconversion of cloud ice to snow. *.false.* by default.

4 Fall Speed

const_vi

Logical: *.true.* to use constant cloud ice fall speed. *.false.* by default.

const_vs

Logical: *.true.* to use constant snow fall speed. *.false.* by default.

const_vg

Logical: *.true.* to use constant graupel fall speed. *.false.* by default.

const_vr

Logical: *.true.* to use constant rain fall speed. *.false.* by default.

vi_fac

Real: Tunable factor for cloud ice fall or the constant cloud ice fall speed when **const_vi** is *.true.*. The unit is 1. 1 by default.

vr_fac

Real: Tunable factor for rain fall or the constant rain fall speed when **const_vr** is *.true.*. The unit is 1. 1 by default.

vs_fac

Real: Tunable factor for snow fall or the constant snow fall speed when **const_vs** is *.true.*. The unit is 1. 1 by default.

vg_fac

Real: Tunable factor for graupel fall or the constant graupel fall speed when **const_vg** is *.true.*. The unit is 1. 1 by default.

vi_max

Real: Maximum fall speed for cloud ice. The unit is *m/s*. 0.5 as default.

vs_max

Real: Maximum fall speed for snow. The unit is *m/s*. 5.0 as default.

vg_max

Real: Maximum fall speed for graupel. The unit is *m/s*. 8.0 as default.

vr_max

Real: Maximum fall speed for rain. The unit is *m/s*. 12.0 as default.

5 Conversion Threshold

ql_mlt

Real: Maximum value of cloud water allowed from melted cloud ice (cloud ice \rightarrow cloud water or rain). Exceedance of which will become rain. Increasing / decreasing **ql_mlt** can increase / decrease cloud water and decrease / increase rain. The unit is $kgkg^{-1}$. 2.0×10^{-3} by default.

qs_mlt

Real: Maximum value of cloud water allowed from melted snow (snow \rightarrow cloud water or rain). Exceedance of which will become rain. Increasing / decreasing **qs_mlt** can increase / decrease cloud water and decrease / increase rain. The unit is $kgkg^{-1}$. 1.0×10^{-6} by default.

ql_gen

Real: Maximum value for cloud water generated from condensation of water vapor (water vapor \rightarrow cloud water). Increasing / decreasing **ql_gen** can increase / decrease cloud water. The unit is $kgkg^{-1}$. 1.0×10^{-3} by default.

qi_gen

Real: Maximum value of cloud ice generated from deposition of water vapor (water vapor \rightarrow cloud ice) or freezing (cloud water \rightarrow cloud ice). Increasing / decreasing **qi_gen** can increase / decrease cloud ice. The unit is kgm^{-3} . 1.82×10^{-6} by default.

ql0_max

Real: Threshold of cloud water to rain autoconversion (cloud water \rightarrow rain). Increasing / decreasing **ql0_max** can increase / decrease rain and decrease / increase cloud water. The unit is $kgkg^{-1}$. 2.0×10^{-3} by default.

qi0_max

Real: Maximum value of cloud ice generated from other sources like convection. Exceedance of which will become snow. Increasing / decreasing **qi0_max** can increase / decrease cloud ice and decrease / increase snow. The unit is $kgkg^{-1}$. 1.0×10^{-4} by default.

qi0_crt

Real: Threshold of cloud ice to snow autoconversion (cloud ice \rightarrow snow). Increasing / decreasing **qi0_crt** can increase / decrease cloud ice and decrease / increase snow. The unit is kgm^{-3} . 1.0×10^{-4} by default.

qs0_crt

Real: Threshold of snow to graupel autoconversion (snow \rightarrow graupel). Increasing / decreasing **qs0_crt** can increase / decrease snow and decrease / increase graupel. The unit is kgm^{-3} . 1.0×10^{-3} by default.

qc_crt

Real: Minimum value of cloud condensate to allow partial cloudiness. Partial cloud can only exist when total cloud condensate exceeds **qc_crt**. The unit is $kgkg^{-1}$. 5.0×10^{-8} by default.

qi_lim

Real: Cloud ice limiter to prevent large ice built up in cloud ice freezing (cloud water \rightarrow cloud ice) and

deposition (water vapor \rightarrow cloud ice). The unit is 1. 1 by default.

rh_inc

Real: Relative humidity increment for complete evaporation of cloud water and cloud ice. The unit is 1. 0.25 by default.

rh_ins

Real: Relative humidity increment for minimum evaporation of rain. The unit is 1. 0.25 by default.

rh_inr

Real: Relative humidity increment for sublimation of snow. The unit is 1. 0.25 by default.

rthresh

Real: Critical cloud water radius for autoconversion (cloud water \rightarrow rain). Increasing / decreasing of **rthresh** makes the autoconversion harder / easier. The unit is *mm*. 1.0×10^{-5} by default.

6 Conversion Efficiency

c_cracw

Real: Accretion efficiency of cloud water to rain (cloud water \rightarrow rain). Increasing / decreasing of **c_cracw** can boost / decrease the accretion of cloud water to rain. The unit is 1. 0.9 by default.

c_psaci

Real: Accretion efficiency of cloud ice to snow (cloud ice \rightarrow snow). Increasing / decreasing of **c_psaci** can boost / decrease the accretion of cloud ice to snow. The unit is 1. 0.02 by default.

c_pgacs

Real: Accretion efficiency of snow to graupel (snow \rightarrow graupel). Increasing / decreasing of **c_pgacs** can boost / decrease the accretion of snow to graupel. The unit is 1. 2.0×10^{-3} by default.

c_paut

Real: Autoconversion efficiency of cloud water to rain (cloud water \rightarrow rain). Increasing / decreasing of **c_paut** can boost / decrease the autoconversion of cloud water to rain. The unit is 1. 0.55 by default.

sat_adj0

Real: Adjust factor for condensation of water vapor to cloud water (water vapor \rightarrow cloud water) and deposition of water vapor to cloud ice (water vapor \rightarrow cloud ice). The unit is 1. 0.9 by default.

7 Cloud Fraction

do_qa

Logical: *.true.* to activate inline cloud fraction diagnosis in fast saturation adjustment. *.false.* to activate inline cloud fraction diagnosis in major cloud microphysics. *.true.* as default.

rad_rain

Logical: *.true.* to consider rain in cloud fraction calculation. *.true.* by default.

rad_snow

Logical: *.true.* to consider snow in cloud fraction calculation. *.true.* by default.

rad_graupel

Logical: *.true.* to consider graupel in cloud fraction calculation. *.true.* by default.

cld_min

Real: Minimum cloud fraction. If total cloud condensate exceeds $1 \times 10^{-6} \text{kgkg}^{-1}$, cloud fraction cannot be less than **cld_min**. The unit is 1. 0.05 by default.

8 Sedimentation

use_ppm

Logical: *.true.* to use PPM fall scheme. *.false.* to use time-implicit monotonic fall scheme. *.false.* by default.

mono_prof

Logical: *.true.* to turn on terminal fall with monotonic PPM scheme. This is used together with **use_ppm** = *.true.*.. *.true.* by default.

do_sedi_heat

Logical: *.true.* to turn on heat transport during sedimentation. *.true.* by default.

sedi_transport

Logical: *.true.* to turn on horizontal momentum transport during sedimentation. *.true.* by default.

do_sedi_w

Logical: *.true.* to turn on vertical motion transport during sedimentation. *.false.* by default. [Not supported in GFS physics]

9 CCN

prog_ccn

Logical: *.true.* to activate prognostic CCN. *.false.* by default. [Not supported in GFS physics]

use_ccn

Logical: *.true.* to compute prescribed CCN. It should be *.true.* when **prog_ccn** is *.false.*.. *.true.* by default.

ccn_l

Real: Base CCN over land. Increasing / decreasing **ccn_l** can on the one hand boost / decrease the autoconversion of cloud water to rain (cloud water \rightarrow rain), on the other hand make the autoconversion harder / easier. The unit is cm^{-3} . 270 by default.

ccn_o

Real: Base CCN over ocean. Increasing / decreasing **ccn_o** can on the one hand boost / decrease the autoconversion of cloud water to rain (cloud water \rightarrow rain), on the other hand make the autoconversion harder / easier. The unit is cm^{-3} . 90 by default.

10 Options

icloud_f

Integer: Flag (0, 1, or 2) for cloud fraction diagnostic scheme. See the "GFDL Cloud Microphysics" document for more detail. Generally, from 0 to 2, cloud fraction increases. 0 by default.

irain_f

Integer: Flag (0 or 1) for cloud water autoconversion to rain scheme. 0: with subgrid variability; 1: no subgrid variability. 0 by default.

11 Others

alin

Real: Parameter a in Lin et al., (1983). Constant in empirical formula for U_R . Increasing / decreasing **alin** can boost / decrease accretion of cloud water by rain (cloud water \rightarrow rain) and rain evaporation (rain \rightarrow water vapor). The unit is $cm^{1-b}s^{-1}$. 842 by default. This value follows Hong and Lim (2006).

clin

Real: Parameter c in Lin et al., (1983). Constant in empirical formula for U_S . Increase / decreasing **clin** can boost / decrease accretion of cloud water by snow (cloud water \rightarrow snow), accretion of cloud ice by snow (cloud ice \rightarrow snow), snow sublimation and deposition (snow \leftrightarrow water vapor), and snow melting (snow \rightarrow cloud water or rain). The unit is $cm^{1-d}s^{-1}$. 4.8 by default.

t_min

Real: Temperature threshold for instant deposition. Deposit all water vapor to cloud ice (water vapor \rightarrow cloud ice) when temperature is lower than **t_min**. The unit is K . 178 by default.

t_sub

Real: Temperature threshold for sublimation. Cloud ice, snow or graupel stops / starts sublimation (cloud ice \rightarrow water vapor, snow \rightarrow water vapor, graupel \rightarrow water vapor) when temperature is lower / higher than **t_sub**. The unit is K . 184 by default.

mp_print

Logical: *.true.* to turn on GFDL cloud microphysics debugging print out. *.false.* by default. [Not supported in GFS physics]

de_ice

Logical: *.true.* to convert excessive cloud ice to snow to prevent ice over-built from other sources like convection scheme. *.false.* by default. [Not supported in GFS physics]

For more detail of the namelist, please refer to the document "GFDL Cloud Microphysics".