



Model Review of the Historic Flash Flood Events of August 18-19, 2024

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National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration U.S. Department of Commerce

Refresher: Observed Rainfall Analysis

Atmospheric Administration

U.S. Department of Commerce



WPC Super Ensemble Plumes

Aug 17, 2024 1200 UTC WPC Super Ensemble for Total QPF Islip, NY (ISP)



HREF Probabilistic Guidance



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HREF Takeaways:

- Weak signal for 30-50% >3" in 3 hours. - This historically correlates well for us with higher end Flash Flood events.
- It was focused between the actual events and also too far west (East PA into N NJ)
- Small area of 1.5-2" across Central Long Island and weak >3 in 3 hour signal, but misplaced



- 1. How does a 1-km ensemble, the NSSL Warn-on-Forecast System (WoFS), resolve the Oxford, CT and Stony Brook, NY events since the WPC super ensemble and HREF struggled to show an extreme rainfall signal?
- 2. How well did the 1-km WoFS assimilate the radar information?
- 3. Did the 1-km WoFS resolve some of the mesoscale features such as low level convergence zones and frontal boundaries/outflow boundaries?
- 4. Did the 1-km WoFS simulate extreme 5-minute rainfall rates (0.25-0.40"), similar to what was observed in the emergencies?





WoFS Background

- Targeted regional domain, 3-km or 1-km grid, using WRF-ARW core.
- 36 member analysis,18 member forecast.
- Initial conditions (ICs) generated from 36 member HRRRDAS
- Boundary conditions (LBCs) from HRRR + GEFS.
- Each member has a unique combo of (ICs/LBCs) and physics schemes.
- 15-min data assimilation intervals of GOES-16, radar, NCEP PREPBUFR (surface and upper-air), and OK mesonet.



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Observed Surface | 16Z 1-km WoFS

Valid 19Z Aug 18, 2024



19Z SPC mesoanalysis (surface wind, moisture conv)

Ens. Mean 2 m Dewpoint Temp (°F) Init: 2024-08-18, 1600 UTC Valid: 2024-08-18, 1900 UTC 72 68 64 (± .) 60 56 Dewpoint 52 ε 48 44 40

1-km WoFS 3-hour Forecast Valid 19z Surface Winds and Surface Dew Points



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Observed Surface | 18Z 1-km WoFS

Valid 19Z Aug 18, 2024



19Z SPC mesoanalysis (surface wind, moisture conv)



1-km WoFS 1-hour Forecast Valid 19z Surface Winds and Surface Dew Points

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16Z 1-km WoFS - Reflectivity Paintballs > 40 dBZ



Black shading: MRMS Reflectivity Paintballs > 40 dBZ



18Z 1-km WoFS - Reflectivity Paintballs > 40 dBZ



Black shading: MRMS Reflectivity Paintballs > 40 dBZ





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KOKX Reflectivity/Velocity 00z-06z Aug 19, 2024

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Stony Brook Mesonet 5-minute Rainfall Rates

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Emphasis on 04-06Z (12-2am) time frame

Considerable tag warning was issued at 12:10 am (0410Z)

Emergency was issued at 1:20 am (0520Z)

Surface Wind Observations | 03Z Aug 19 1-km WoFS

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03Z Aug 19 1-km WoFS - Paintballs > 40 dBZ

Black shading: MRMS Reflectivity Paintballs > 40 dBZ

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Surface Wind Observations | 04Z Aug 19 1-km WoFS

04Z Aug 19 1-km WoFS - Paintballs > 40 dBZ

Black shading: MRMS Reflectivity Paintballs > 40 dBZ

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1-km WoFS Takeaways

- 1. How does a 1-km ensemble, the NSSL Warn-on-Forecast System (WoFS), resolve the Oxford, CT and Stony Brook, NY events since the WPC super ensemble and HREF struggled to show an extreme rainfall signal?
 - a. Developed convection and extreme rainfall rates for CT, but location was a bit erratic with the 3-hour forecast and much more aligned with 1-hour forecast.
 - b. Did not handle Stony Brook event well
 - Developed convection around NYC metro compared to central Long Island (2-hour forecast) and then along Long Island south coast (1-hour forecast). Started to become more consistent with observed convection when extreme rain was well underway at Stony Brook.
- 2. How well did the 1-km WoFS assimilate the radar information?
 - a. Assimilated well at initialization, but diverged as early as in 1-hour forecasts in both the Oxford and Stony Brook events.

- 3. Did the 1-km WoFS resolve some of the mesoscale features such as low level convergence zones and frontal boundaries/outflow boundaries?
 - a. Yes especially for the Oxford event. Weak signal for convergence zone on 16Z run (3hr lead time), but signal much more apparent with the 18Z run (1-hour lead time).
 - b. Struggled with location and magnitude for Stony Brook Too far NW on 03Z run (2hr lead time) and much weaker on 04Z (1-hour lead time) for Stony Brook event. *Could ingesting more local mesonet data (NYSM) improve this?*
- 4. Did the 1-km WoFS simulate extreme 5-minute rainfall rates (0.25-0.40"), similar to what was observed in the emergencies?
 - Yes About 77% (14/18) of members on 16Z run, but locations not consistent with actual Oxford event. All members on 18Z run did and about 5 showed 0.50"
 5-minute rates Promising!
 - b. About 72% (13/18) of members on 03Z run for Stony Brook, but locations near NYC metro. Less members (10/18), less coverage and too far south on 04z. *Started to catch on to extreme rates at Stony Brook too late for any utility during warning ops.*

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Check out our arcGIS Story Map on this historic event!!

https://storymaps.arcgis.com/stories/8e046 d3c23494b18a3a154af809965cf

https://www.weather.gov/okx/stormevents

commission estimate

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HRRR Guidance

August 18, 2024 00Z, 06Z, and 12Z Cycles

- ★ Heavy rain signal > 5" across SW CT, 06z run in particular
- ★ Signal is lost on the 00z and 12z runs, swaths back to the west, and more numerous in coverage

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